AIR FIGHTS TAKE

Thirteen Civilians Killed and 100 Wounded as Result. of Battles.

COMMUNISTS IN

The Communist government in Mu-nich is said to be experiencing great difficulty in feeding the population and the large number of soldlers concen-trated there.

LONDON, April 29.—Panic prevailed in Munich yesterday when the Govern-ment troops began their march on the Bavarian capital and three members of

A delegation from the Communist government went to Ingolstadt on Sunday to discuss the situation with the Berlin government military leaders.

The Communist leaders in Munich are said to be ready to escape quickly in airplanes.

Meanwhile the Government forces are fasaling with troubles in Nuremberg, where the Spartacan leader, Albert Schmidt, was killed by Government troops, and a state of siege has been proclaimed. The Spartacans there took one of the Majority Socialist leaders prisoner.

Renewed agitation in almost all parts of Germany is reported in German ad-vices received here. The railway em-ployees in the Berlin district are threatening to bring on a general strike on May 7 if their claims are not satisfied, while in the Ruhr industrial district the Spartacans are again displaying great activity and endeavoring to organize general strike in this region. Already there have been outbreaks in which cas-ualties have occurred, the advices show.

BAVARIAN ARMY IS MARCHING ON MUNICH

Force Crosses Danube With 15,000 Prussians.

By the Associated Press. BERLIN, April 29.—Bavarian troops, with 15,000 Prussians, have crossed the

with 15,000 Prussians, have crossed the Danube in their march on Munich, according to a telegram from Bamberg.

Martial law has been declared in all Bavarian territory east of the Rhine, and Government troops began an advance on Munich from the south and captured Murnau. The Communists immediately threw reenforcements into Kempten, west of Murnau, from Munich to Augsburg to ward off the attack of the Government forces.

The Spartacan leader in Nurembur Albert Schmidt, has been shot after the discovery by the military authorities of a plot to depose the Hoffmann Government. Fighting then developed between the Government and Communist troops, resulting in the death of a number of the Reds. The other Spartacan leaders in Nuremburg were arrested and quiet again reigns temporarily. Officers of the Third Army Corps announce that they have established that independent leaders had organised an armed force to overthrow the Hoffmann Government and replace it with a Communist dicta-

The Communists have sent emissaries to Ratisbon and Landshut in an attempt to raise, \$500,000. The agents were arrested, together with the Communist Commissioner of Transportation, Herr Lukum. The Commissioner confirmed reports that the financial situation in Munich was desperate and the situation in Munich was desperate and that the Com-munists were unable to pay those out of work as they had agreed.

SAYS RED PERIL IS **CURBED IN GERMANY**

Noske Sees Need of Guarding Eastern Frontiers.

By the Associated Press BERLIN, April 39.-Gustave Noake, Minister of Defence, in an interview today referred to the necessity of defending Germany's eastern frontiers.

Herr Noske said the statement of David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, that Germany was hardly in position to assemble 80,000 men for maintenance of order unfortunately sense for Herr Barth to talk about three million supporters of a monarchist counter revolution. Herr Noske said he considered that the Bolshevik danger to considered that the Bolshevik danger to Germany had been militarily overcome, that Berlin, with adequate troops, is safe, while recent even in Munich were represented as the last serious attempt of anarchy to seize power.

"We have done everything," Herr Noeke concluded, "to maintain order in Germany and construct a law abiding and ordered state, thus creating the

and ordered state, thus creating the foundation for peace, but all our work of course would be vain if an economic brought collapse at the eleventh hour, or if the Entente, by setting up impos-sible peace conditions, destroyed all our

U. S. MEN AND BLACKS CLASH.

African Soldiers Attack Americans in British Army Camp.

LONDON, April 29.—In a clash at the Winchester Repatriation Camp last night between Americans and South Affican black soldiers one or two Americans were injured, none, however, seriously, a Winchester dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says. The camp is used by Americans who served in the British army and ill feeling between the Americans and the blacks came to a crisis last night when the blacks attacked the Americans with slicks. British troops restored order. First reports received by the company from Winchester were that three had been killed and thirty injured.

GERMAN FISHERIES PLACE AT MUNICH Ban on Neutrals' Food Loos-

Panis, April 29.—The Supreme Economic Council at its meeting Monday passed upon measures for feeding Germany and the northern neutral countries and Switzerland. The official statement on the meeting, issued to-day, reads:

"The Supreme Economic Council past

"The Supreme Economic Council met at 10 A. M. on April 28 under the chair-manship of Lord Robert Cecil. "Concerning German fishing in the Skagerrak and Cattegat the council was advised that after its action at the last meeting upon the German request for Escape in Planes—Government Troops Gain.

Bear, April 28.—Airplanes of the Florimann government forces flying over Munich have been fired on repeatedly by the Communists, with the result that thirtsen civilians have been killed and 100 wounded. The Communist governments of communist governments have been killed and 100 wounded. The Communist governments of communist governments of communist governments and the council that the result that the properties of the council that the result that

thirteen civilians have been killed and 100 wounded. The Communist government, the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin ment, the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin more firing at the airplanes. This measure is said to have been taken, however, with the view of saving ammunition. pregiously existing that each shipment receive the approval of the Interalled Trade Committees in the respective

"To facilitate commerce and the for warding of relief supplies the council agreed to the recommendation of the blockade section that hereafter shipbavarian capital and three members of the Communist government resigned, a Berlin despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says. Before nightfall Monday Government troops had captured several villages.

A delegation from the Communist government went to Ingolstadt on Sunday to discuss the situation with the Berlin government military leaders.

The Communist leaders in Munich are said to be ready to escape quickly in the control of the best through Germany of all commodities except unfinished munitions of war, provided the shipments are covered by a license of an interallied trade committee, or, where no such committee exists, by a license from the relief administration.

The council considered the important question of facilitating commercial and relief traffic on the Danube River, but deferred final action in order to reside the community of the council considered the important question of facilitating commercial and relief traffic on the Danube River, but deferred final action in order to the community of the council considered the important question of facilitating commercial and relief traffic on the Danube River, but

PARIS, April 28.—The encirclement of Munich by German Government troops has been completed, according to German despatches received here. This reman despatches received here. This result was accomplianed, it is stated, by the occupation of Landshut, about thirty-five miles northeast of Munich, which city has been closely approached on all sides.

Meanwhile the Government forces are fastling with troubles in Nuremberg, where the Spartacan leader, Albert Schmidt, was killed by Government troops, and a state of slege has been falloud services for the distribution of regulation which were proposed. "In pursuance of its plans of improving coal production and distribution to meet the present general deficit in the European coal supply the council decided that the Director-General of Relief should for the present be charged with all matters in an endeavor to increase the coal production in the former empire of Austria-Hungary and Poland. The Director-General of Relief is to work through the mission of the communications section of the council which is charged with the operation of through troops, and a state of slege has been railroad services for the distribution of food supplies in the territories in ques-

RUMANIANS FORCE **HUNGARIANS BACK**

Retirement to Point 120 Miles Southeast of Budapest.

COPENHAGEN, April 29.—A further withdrawal of the Hungarian troops to Bekes and Csaba (about 120 miles southeast of Budapest) in the face of the Rumanian advance is reported in despatches from Budapest under date of

Paris, April 29. - The Rumanian PARIS, April 28.—The Rumanian troops on Saturday occupied the neighborhood of Puespok-Ladany, 111 miles east of Budapest and on the railway line between Budapest and Debreozen. Despatches from Budapest add that the Rumanians also captured Bekes-Csaba, 120 miles southeast of Budapest.

GOMPERS IMPROVES; **MUST REMAIN QUIET**

Doctors Hold Consultation-Wilson Sends Message.

tending Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who was injured in an automobile crash on Broadway Sunday night, called Dr. Alexander Lambert, 43 East Seventysecond street, into consultation yester-day. Dr. Lambert issued the following bulletin last night from Mr. Gompers's spartments at the Hotel Continental:
"The pain is diminishing but the patient still shows effect from shock. The main trouble is the shock. The tem-perature is normal and there is no fever." In constant attendance upon Mr

In constant attendance upon Mr. Gompers, are his son, Alfred L. Gompers, his secretary, Guy Oyster, and two trained nurses. We one else is allowed to see him and absolute quiet is insisted upon by his physicians. Mr. Gompers's son said there was "no danger" and that the main thing was that his father should rest undisturbed. A cablegram from President Wilson, sent through his secretary, Joseph Tumsent through his secretary, Joseph Tum-ulty in Washington, was received yes-terday. It read:

terday. It read:
"Deeply grieved to hear of your accident and hope everything goes well
with you. Warmest regards."
Among the other cable messages received was one signed by Shirley Kellog and Albert De Courville, the English labor leaders. George W. Perkins sent flowers and a message of sympathy.

U. S. BOARD TO STUDY WAR.

Major-Gen. Dickman Will President of Organization.

By the Associated Press. COBLENZ, April 26 (delayed) .- Major-Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, who has been in command of the American Third Army since it entered Germany, has been appointed a member of the board which will meet at Chaumont, Ameri-can headquarters in France, to consider lessons learned from the war in so far as they concern tactics and organization. Gen. Dickman, who will be the senior officer present, will be president of the

It is announced at Coblenz headquar ers to-day that Lieut.-Gen. Hunter Liggett will take command of the Third Army as soon as the affairs of the First Army are closed. Announcement also was made that Lieut-Gen. Robert L. Bullard will re-turn home as soon as the dissolution of the Second Army is completed.

Yeowomen's Battalion to Parade. WASHINGTON, April 29.—The battalion of 250 Yeowomen recently organized in the Navy Department will march in the "Navy Day" parade at New York, May ington next Tuesday hight on six special

11th Engineers' Parade Starts from 99th Street at Fifth Ave., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30th, at

10.00 A. M.
All interested who have not received tickets for stand may occupy any seats in atands north of 57th Street and south of 75th Street on West side of Fifth Ave.

RMAN FISHERIES SAYS JAPAN WOULD LIKE TO AID SIBERIA

Baron Shimpel Goto Says Nippon Desires to Help in Development.

ITS AIMS ARE FRIENDLY

Bolshevism Arraigned by C. K Callahan at Conference in Astor:

Baron Shimpel Goto, former Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, addressing a conference of the Council on Foreign Relations in the Hotel Aster last night, during which the speakers dealt with Russia's trade and financial possibilities and said some uncomplimentary things about Bolshevism, declared that Japan is desirous of cooperating with the Rus sians in the development of Siberia under peaceful conditions withou swerving from their policy of non-inter

After stating that his country's aims in sending troops to Siberia were identical with those of America, since they were disinterested and pervaded with a respect for Russia's territorial integrity, the Baron said:

"So far as Japan is concerned she has "So far as Japan is concerned she has a definite idea as to the course she should follow in Siberia. She has pledged herself to a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of Siberia. She is Russia's immediate neighbor in the East, and no nation can be more anxious than Japan to see a speedy restoration of peace and order in the resions across the Japan Sea."

regions across the Japan Sea."
As an instance of what Japan could do in helping a country to work out its own salvation in a commercial sense. Baron Goto told of what the Nipponese empire has done for southern Manchuria.

"The phenomenal prosperity which has dawned upon the natives of Manchuria," he said, "is largely due to the modern methods of agriculture and trade which we have introduced in that country. The Japanese have created in Manchuria, a vast churia a vast new industry, the bean industry, benefiting not only the Man-churians, but tens of thousands of coolles from Shantung province. Ten years ago Manchurian farmers barely eked out a living. To-day they are ex-porting \$40,000,000 worth of beans and bean cake. Ten years ago the foreign trade of south Manchuria did not ex-ceed \$20,000,000. To-day it has increased to \$400,000,000. \$400,000,000.

The next speaker introduced by VII-hjaimur Stefansson, the Arctic explorer, who had been chosen to preside because he was considered "neutral" on the sub-ject of relations with Russia, was Cor-nelius K. Callahan, long identified with American business interests in Russia. He delivered an emphatic arraignment of he Bolshevik Government, saying:
"The Russian Soviet Government is

"The Russian Soviet Government is the most tyrannical Government on earth. There is not even a presumption of freedom of speech or press; only one style of newspapers—those featured by despatches from Budapest under date of Monday.

Mako (110 miles southeast of Budapest) and Nagy Lak (15 miles southeast of Mako) were occupied by Serbian forces on Sunday.

The Theiss River bridge near Csap has been blown up by the Rumanians.

Paris April 28.—The Rumanian

ment, he added:

"We would prefer to have Bolshevik principles tried out in Russia without interference from the outside and prove a failure than to have it put down by outside help and then be met in all such efforts in the future with the argument that such a programme would have suc-ceeded."

Another speaker was Dr. William C. Another speaker was Dr. William C. Huntington, commercial attache in Russia, representing the Department of Commerce, who said that amid all the financial ruin, "the rarest thing in Russia is brains per square mile." He questioned whether any business men would seek to develop a country whose Government was deliberately sacking to Government was deliberately seeking to destroy them. Among the guests were Theodore E. Burton, Jacob A. Schiff, Henry C. Emery, J. Heckscher, Dr. I. Iyenaga, R. Martens and Dr. I. Nitobe f the Tokio Imperial University

KAISER'S TRIAL NOT YET PART OF TREATY Plenary Session Fails to Act on Big Four's Report.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, April 29.—Doubt has ariser whether the responsibility of the for-mer German Emperor will be included in the peace treaty owing to the failure of the plenary session to take action on the report of the Council of Four, rec-ommending his prosecution, which was on yesterday's agenda.

on yesterday's agenda.

Parliamentarians say that the council might still include its report in the treaty, but as the subject is one on which a plenary conference ordered the report inaction on the report prevents its inclusion in the treaty unless the expected secret plenary session of the nference directs further action.

LONDON, April 29 .- The Evening Stondard asserts that it has the highest authority for declaring that William Ho-henzollern will be prosecuted and tried not as originator of the war but as one of the instigators of crimes, as pro-vided in the report of the Commission on War Responsibility.

ASKS DEATH FOR HUMBERT. rosecutor Demands Same Penalty

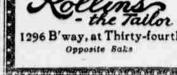
as Bolo Pasha Got. PARIS, April 29 .- At the trial to-day of Senator Charles Humbert, who is charged with having had dealings with

the enemy, Capt. Mornet, the Govern-ment prosecutor, in his address to the jury declared that the only penalty that should be given in the case was the same as that meted out to Bolo Pasha—the death penalty.

Experience

One cannot fulfill the exacting demands of people of developed and discriminating taste for many years without gaining some degree of perfection.

OLIVER MOORE of London
CUSTOM BOOTMAKER
Fatablished 1878





ALLIES AND POLES

Red Troops Easily Repulsed in Offensive Made on Murmansk Railway.

LONDON, April 29 .- Bolshevik forces attacked the allied troops on the Murmansk Railway at Kurgomix on Monday, but were easily repulsed, says a statement to-day from the British War Office The enemy left a number of prisoners behind.

The statement says that in the recent operations near Crososero Canadian, French and north Russian troops and the Slavo-British Legion cooperated with French armored train, the crew of which showed great gallantry

ing driven the Bolsheviki from Vilna, forts. The armistice is not likely to be are marching on Minek, according to Minister. In connection with the Polish operations in Lithuania, the former Minister said that the Polish Diet had voted the following declaration:

"The Polish military activity in Lithuania is not meant for the purpose of anticipating the decisions of the Peace Conference or to annex territory to Poland against the will of the inhabitants. Its only purpose is to protect the inhabitants against invasion." The liberation of White Russia and Lithuania, M. Wasilewski added, would make an end to Bolshevik plans to in-

WASHINGTON, April 29 .- Brig.-Gen. gates wide to Bolshevism. Wilds P. Richardson, commander of the American forces in northern Russia, in an official report to the War Department to-day said he had visited all the deand I did not hear of a single that still remained a Bolshevik, except those actively engaged in the Government of the Bolsheviks."

His remarks were in large part echoed by Major Alien Wardwell of the American Red Cross, though the latter urged greater aid to Russia in her time of stress. After touching on the starvation and economic disruption wrought tion and economic disruption wrought to the situation on the Dvina River, but without anxiety."

The ligh command is alert to the situation on the Dvina River, but without anxiety."

region of Yurko, west of Irkutsk, Eolshevik detachments this week captured four carloads of arms and ammunition belonging to the Czecho Slovak, according to reports brought here by Czecho-Slovak troops. The Bolsheviki usad akiis in the State all interstate funds which have been held for twenty years. The moneys constituting this fund of the Azores naval base and later was attached to the naval operation office in Washington to the Dolsheviki usad skills in the State all interstate funds which have been held for twenty years. The moneys constituting this fund of the Dolsheviki usad skills in the State all interstate funds which have been held for twenty years. ing to reports brought here by Czecho-Slovak troops. The Bolsheviki used skils in making their way to and from the railroad. At several stations they removed telephones and destroyed water

the Bolsheviki lost fifty men killed. The allied forces lost two killed and one wounded, while one soldler died from a wound made by a poisoned bullet The arms captured from the Bolshe-viki were very primitive in character. The raiders apparently are minimals and not political revolutionists.

BANK TELLER SENTENCED. E. J. Smith Gets Two and a Half

to Pive Years in Sing Sing. of the North Side Bank in Williamsburg twelve years, was sentenced to from two and a half to five years in Sing Sing

Lawyer Pined \$10 for Contempt. Vincent A. O'Connor, an attorney, was fined \$10 for contempt of court by County Judge McDermott in Brooklyn yesterday. O'Connor was counsel in a criminal case which had twice been held up because of his tardiness. Yesterday

he again failed to appear at 10 o'clock, when the case was set for trial. His explanations later failed to satisfy the



SAVE MONEY by investing in Victory Bonds. \$2 down and \$1 per week buys a \$50 bond. Money back in 4 years at 434% interest.

1296 B'way, at Thirty-fourth

HARDEN RIDICULES GERMAN THREATS DEFEAT BOLSHEVIKI He Reviews Bismarch's Course in Making Peace.

ZURICH, April 29.-Maximilian Harden n the latest number of Die Zukunft recalls the behavior of victorious Germany in 1871 and the heavy your that Bis marck placed on France in connection with the present situation and the tactics of the German political leaders.

"In 1871, at the time of the peace pourparlers," he writes, "Jules Favre, annoyed, slightly raised his voice; Bismarck then began to speak in German, although he was perfectly aware that Favre did not know a word of German. When some wonder was manifested at his behavior, the Chancellor declared that there was no need for him to behave more politely than the French plenipotentiaries did. When asked what attitude Germany would adopt in case of a French refusal to sign the treaty, Bismarck replied:

prolonged, and in any case we will lock information given to the Temps by M. up Paris more tightly than before. Our Wasilewski, formerly Polish Poreign measures will prove efficient when the French feel the pangs of hunger; in the meantime we will ask for their arms and their guns. Let them cry if they like; they would at last realize how ridiculous it is to make formidable threats, which it is impossible to carry out, to a victorious enemy

> would think that we are threatening too much. From the beginning the Weimar Assembly has declared that our opponents have adopted an impudent attitude. "Herr Dernburg recently made threats again in the Tageblatt. He also said, according to the formula of Karolyi, that if Germany does not obtain the peace of Germany does not obtain the peace which office he held until 1916, when his she has a right to, she will open her Ministry was succeeded by that of the gates wide to Bolshevism. For the Coalition under Lloyd George. present let us be content if the hone

"In 1919 the situation is the same sor

ADMIRAL DUNN TAKES CHARGE Assumes Command of

deputy opens wide to us the gates of the

splendid villa he possesses at Grune

Naval District. and military operations." the cablegram continued. "The high command is alert to the situation on the Dvina River, but without anxiety."

IRKUTEK, Siberla, via Vladivostok, April 15 (delayed)—In forays against the Trans-Siberlan railway line in the region of Yurko, west of Irkutek, Rolphare this relation of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of a division of the Pacific for the command of the pacific for the p Boston, April 29.—Rear Admiral

BREWERS QUIT BEER FIGHT IN MILWAUKEE Manufacturing Will Cease Promptly To-night.

Special Desputch to THE SUN. MILWAUKEE, April 29 -Milwaukee brewers have quit. They will make no EXPLOSION IN MINE further efforts to fight the prohibition law, regardless of what contests New York brewers will institute. It is under

stood they will help finance the fight. but will not try to contest the law Edward J. Smith, a trusted employee here, and will quit brewing beer to-Brooklyn yesterday.

Smith was one of the bank's receiving tellers at a salary of \$1,500 a year. He was charged with having appropriated about \$12,000 of the bank's funds by juggling deposit slips. He is 25 years old, married and made his home in \$45 Elderts lane, Brooklyn.

Smith failed to reveal what dispert tion he had made of the land of the land to flood the market. norrow night.

This is in spite of the efforts being

ASQUITH IS LIKELY TO BE ENVOY HERE

London Paper Says Former Premier Is to Succeed Earl

clude an offer later. The Evening News states its belief

that he may consider it his duty to ac cept. Should Mr. Asquith be appointed Am bassador, it would be the first case of

public life. In the latter days of the Gladstone Ministry and under Lord Rosebery, from 1892 to 1895, he held the post of Home Secretary. The Liberal defeat in the latter year left him out of office for nearly eleven years, but late in 1995 he became Characteristics. liplomatic representative there.

CITY TO LOSE \$600,000.

Special Despatch to Tun Sun. ALBANY, April 29.—New York city

kin. Some time ago the city indicated that it was about to use this fund for general city purposes, but the Attorney-General promptly objected, later detion was made to the courts. Deputs Attorney-General Dawes represented the

Rescuers Save Others Entombed in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 29.—Seven-teen miners were killed and seven others injured, four probably fatally, by an explosion of coal gas to-day in a mine of the Majestic Coal Mining Company. twenty-two miles north of Birmingham A number of miners were entombed but were taken out by rescue teams. The accident occurred shortly after noon. The mine employs 115 men.

that all of the Cabinet Ministers strongly to promote development of a national favor Mr. Asquith's appointment and system of rail, water and highway trans-

any one who had occupied the post of British Prime Minister being sent to Washington as the British Government's

chequer in the Ministry of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman In 1908 he assumed the Premiership

Gets Estates of Those Wh

must turn over to the State treasury \$600.000, representing the balances of estates administered by the city, under a final decision of the Court of Appeals handed down to-day. The decision upholds the contention of Attorney-General Newton that the provisions of the State finance law require the City Chamber-

manding the transfer of the money to the State treasury. New York city de-clined to make the transfer and applica-

KILLS 17 WORKMEN



THERE are Unfinished Worsteds and Unfinished Worsteds. Some are rough, rash, rank and raucous. Ours are soft, smooth, suave and subdued. Once again the advantage of Saks-chosen fabrics.

Suits, \$30 up Topcoats, \$25 up

Saks & Company BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

COMMERCE WANTS WILSON TO RETURN

United States Chamber at St Louis Voices Need of His Presence Home.

St. Louis, April 28.-Harry A Wheeler, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, told that body to-day that immediate return to this country of President Wilson and an extra session of Congress to deal with problems of industry are essential to America's business.

"Completion of the Paris conference alone can open the way to resumption of normal conditions," he said.

After asserting that America's posses sion of goods needed by the world coupled with the nation's buying power had prevented business paralysis, he said the country could no longer "spare the Chief Executive to await the un

the Chief Executive to await the unravelling of European conditions while we at home drift with neither executive nor legislative attention to fundamental matters of readjustment."

Mr. Wheeler said that business must sid to the utmost in paying war obligations, that the principle of a fair return only on capital actually invested must be strictly observed, and added that it is necessary to restore "business as usual" to insure maintenance of peaceful conditions "at a time when anarchy and other tions "at a time when anarchy and other unsound theories are clamoring for an opportunity to try out experiments."

Premier Is to Succeed Earl of Reading.

The railroad committee submitted a report opposing Government control and operation of railroads and urging that the roads be returned to their owners "as soon as remedial legislation can be enacted the Earl of Reading as Ambassador to the United States, according to the Evening News to-day.

The newspaper says it understands that the post was informally offered to Mr. Asquith a few months ago and declined, but not in such a way as to preclude an offer later.

Would Return Reads at Once.

The railroad committee submitted a report opposing Government control and operation of railroads and urging that the roads be returned to their owners "as soon as remedial legislation can be enacted." No extension of the period of Government operation should be made "until Congress shall have found it impossible to enact the required legislation within the period possible under the railroad control act." the report smid.

It recommended further that, in the public interest, roads be permitted to consolidate into strong competing systems, so located that each of the principal traffic centres shall, if possible, be served by more than one system. Would Return Roads at Once. served by more than one system.

Other recommendations included creation of a Federal transportation boar portation The public utilities committee also sub-

nitted a report declaring that the street railway industry throughout the countr increased cost of operation and recom mended that authority be given to the committee to hold hearings and acquaint the public with conditions.

Peck for Price Stabilizing. Refusal of Government agencies at this time to cooperate in the movement to stabilise prices at a lower level, based pon a scientific determination of costs and a proper consideration of all in-terests involved, would be fraught with grave consequences to the country, George N. Peek, chairman of the indus-trial board of the Department of Com-

ing sellers and Government buyers topossible, that the wine had already been
gether and permitting the best possible ordered and that everything was ready

sion of the entire business of the rati-roads to one or two powerful low cost producers. The Railroad Administration, he said, by reason of its great purchas-ing power in rails could "practically control the market and the price." Mr Peek defended the board's price Mr. Peek defended the board's price agreement policy against Mr. Hines's objection that it gives immunity from the operation of anti-trust laws to the industries involved. Any producer, he pointed out, is free to sell at higher or lower prices than those agreed upon in particular industry.

particular industry,

MENS SANA IN CORPORE SANO

Which, being interpreted, means a sound mind in a sound body-a beautiful ancient ideal too little understood today.

Always the mind is able to do more and better work if it dwells in a perfectly healthy

And always the body is healthier for being nourished by pure, wholesome food, cooked in a sensible way.

At CHILDS every dish is first of all highly nutritious, and then so prepared as to make its digestion a stimulat-

Truly, good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both, when one dines at CHILDS.



TENNESSEE WILL BE LAUNCHED TO-DAY

Daughter of Gov. Roberts to Break Bottle of Wine Over Prow of Battleship.

Miss Helen Leonore Roberts, the daughter of Gov. A. H. Roberts of Tennessee, will smash a bottle of champagne against the bow of the United States battleship Tennessee when that of the fact that she doesn't like the declared bankrupt are in fact insolvent horrid stuff, and despite the further facts that her father is a prohibitionist that the State of Tennessee is bone dry in most counties, and that he was elected

in most counties, and that he was elected on the prohibition issue.

"I do not approve of champagne," said Mise Roberts, who is 16 years old. "because our State is prohibition and my daddy is prohibition, or at least he mays he was elected by the prohibitionists, but we wouldn't hinder the launching in the least little bit by making

Mr. Peek, would mean such a 'beating didn't make any further protest. I was down' of prices as would force either elected by the prohibitionists, and of a general reduction in wages or a divercourse it might appear as a strange thing for a dry State like ours to have her battleship christened with wine. But If don't think we are so narrow as to mind it. At any rate it looks as if this would be the last battleship that Uncle Sam will christen with wine, so I guess we can stand it.

Mins Roberts and the Governor brought with them thirteen beautiful Tennessee girls who are to act as maids honor when the girl christens the big fighting ship, and a great gallery of State military officers and political and business and social and financial leaders.



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